Contents

INTRODUCTION

| Information about Croatia | 5 |
|--|----|
| Introduction | 7 |
| How to use this book | 10 |
| Signs and Symbols | П |
| Marinas, berths and anchoring | 12 |
| Preparation for sailing | 14 |
| Useful information | 15 |
| Climatic Features of the Adriatic | 16 |
| Sailing along the Croatian Archipelago | 19 |
| The Coast of the Sun and Spirituality \ldots | 23 |
| Croatian Traditional Ships and Boats | 26 |
| To be a Dalmatian | 31 |
| Delicious Dalmatia | 37 |

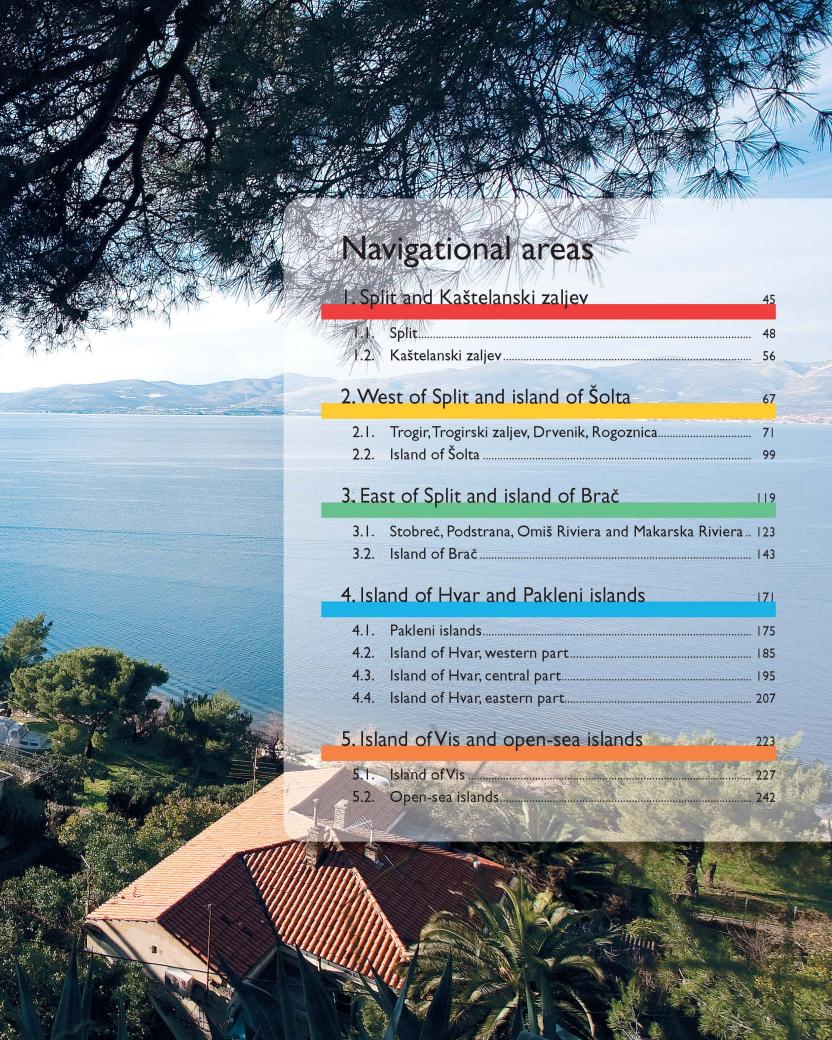


NAUTICAL PART

| Nav | rigational areas | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|
| ī. | Split and Kaštelanski zaljev 45 | | | |
| 1.1 | Split 48 | | | |
| 1.2 | Kaštelanski zaljev | | | |
| 2. | West of Split and island of Šolta . 67 | | | |
| 2.1 | Trogir, Trogirski zaljev, Drvenik, Rogoznica71 | | | |
| | Trogir | | | |
| | Trogirski zaljev 82 | | | |
| | Drvenik Veli and Drvenik Mali 88 | | | |
| | Rogoznica | | | |
| 2.2 | Island of Šolta | | | |
| | Island of Šolta, western part 101 | | | |
| | Island of Šolta, eastern part 107 | | | |
| 3. | East of Split and island of Brač 119 | | | |
| 3.1 | Stobreč, Podstrana, The Omiš Riviera, | | | |
| | The Makarska Riviera | | | |
| | Omiš | | | |
| | The Makarska Riviera | | | |
| 3.2 | Island of Brač | | | |
| | Island of Brač, western part | | | |
| | Island of Brač, eastern part 158 | | | |
| 4. | Island of Hvar and the Pakleni Islands | | | |
| 4.1 | Pakleni Islands | | | |
| 4.2 | Island of Hvar, western part | | | |
| 4.3 | Island of Hvar, central part | | | |
| 4.4 | Island of Hvar, eastern part 207 | | | |
| | Island of Šćedro | | | |
| - | | | | |
| 5. | Island of Vis and open-sea islands | | | |
| 5.1 | The island of Vis | | | |
| J. 1 | Komiža | | | |
| | Vis | | | |
| 5.2 | | | | |
| 0.2 | Island of Biševo | | | |
| | Island of Svetac | | | |
| | Island of Palagruža | | | |
| ic+ | of ports and marinas | | | |
| | | | | |
| Index | | | | |
| Bib | Bibliography | | | |

ILLUSTRATIONS

| Behaviour at sea | 6 |
|-------------------------|----|
| Clean environment | 14 |
| llagal appeal and noise | 10 |

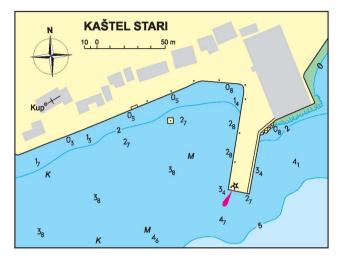




Information for leisure mariners

A stormy SW wind causes heavy seas and it is advised to leave and anchor in the cove Poljud or find shelter in the small harbours \check{S} pinut and Split on the N shore of the peninsula Marjan.

Mooring: Sidelong at the inner part of the L-shaped breakwater







Charts: 100-21; MK-16; Plan 47

Arrival: Landmarks are white belfry with a cupola and a light on the breakwater head – green tower with a column and a balcony.

The harbour is protected from the Bora, but is exposed to waves during the Sirocco and fully exposed to SW and NW winds.

Mooring: Sidelong at the shore and using the four-point moor.

(43°33,1'N-16°21,5'E)

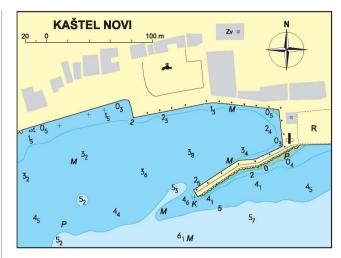
Charts: 100-21; MK-16; Plan 47

Arrival: The landmark is the hotel building among cypress grove.

Moor vertically to the outer side of the small harbour (depth $2\ m$); there are rocks to the west and a shoal to the east.

The landing place is open to winds from II and III quadrant.

Berth: The landing place is about 1.4 m high, and the upper edge is protruded.





KAŠTEL NOVI, small harbour (43°32,8'N-16°20,6'E)

Charts: 100-21; MK-16; Plan 47

It is the westernmost small harbour on the northern coast of the Bay of Kaštela.

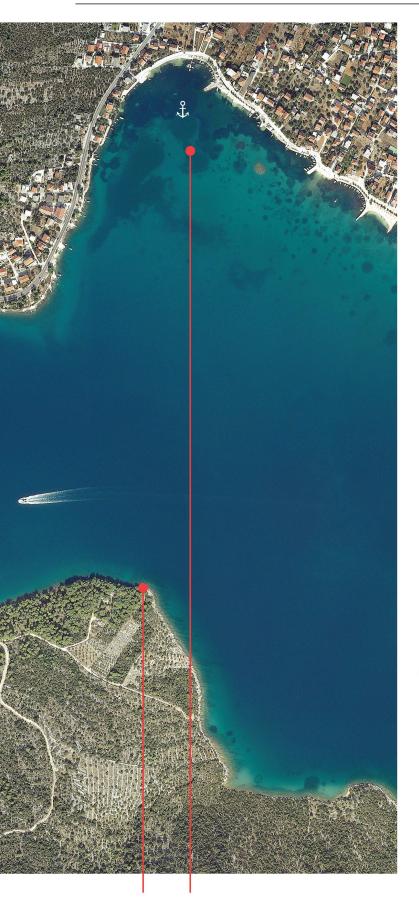
Arrival: Landmarks are white belfry with a cupola, belfry in the town of Kaštel Štafilić, about 300 m W of the harbour and mediaeval tower at the root of the breakwater.

It is exposed to SW wind that raises heavy seas, but provides a good shelter during other winds.

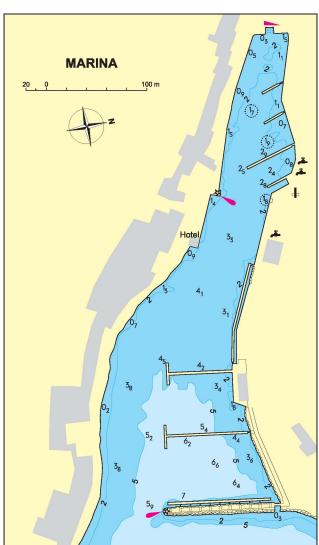
Mooring: Sidelong at the breakwater, closer to the head or using the four-point moor in other parts of the harbour. During the Bora or in calm weather yachts can moor in the harbour of Kaštel Stari, at the inner part of the breakwater, where depths from head to the root are from to 3.2 m to 1.4 m



Kaštel Novi



Pasji rt (with the light) Cove Poljica





MARINA, harbour (43°30,8'N-16°7,1'E) Charts: 100-21; MK-16; Plan 534

It is situated at the end of the bay of the same name.

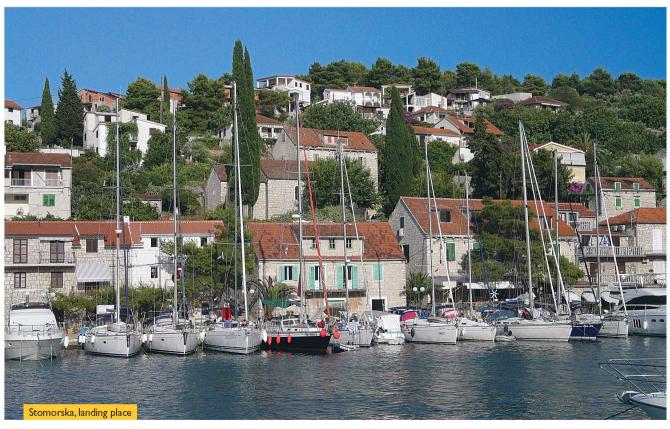
Approach and arrival: Landmarks are the light in the Pasji rt point (white conical tower and a balcony, on pedestal), mediaeval tower with red roof and the light NE of the landing place (red column) and an embankment closing the harbour from the east.

Mooring: Four-point moor, bows-on towards the S shore or in the marina. Anchoring may be in the cove Prališće NW of the harbour at the depths of 3 -16 m or in front of the harbour at the depth of 17 m. Muddy bottom is a good holding ground. Care should be taken of the rock in the N part of the cove.

The Bora and the Sirocco may be strong but do not cause heavy seas. During the gale-force Sirocco the sea may flood the landing place.

Information for leisure mariners







SUMPETAR

The village Sumpetar stretches from Krilo Jesenice to Dugi Rat. The harbour is to a certain extent protected from the Sirocco and the waves caused by the Bora. If the W wind is not strong, yachts can anchor in front of the harbour.

OMIŠ

See page 126-129

Mala luka

Vela luka

Ruskamen



PISAK - VRULJA

The village Pisak and its small harbour (poorly protected from W wind) is the best and the most practical starting point for visiting Vrulja, known for the hurricane squalls of the Bora that are among the strongest in the Adriatic. During a calm or moderate weather, Vrulja is a natural attraction certainly worth visiting. It got the name after huge underwater wells.



It is a picturesque location and the harbour, including 1-2 M of the coast to the east and to the west, with a number of small pebbly beaches. If the wind is more than moderate the stay in the harbour is not suitable. The old short breakwater protects the harbour from the waves caused by the Sirocco.

Marušići

Pisak